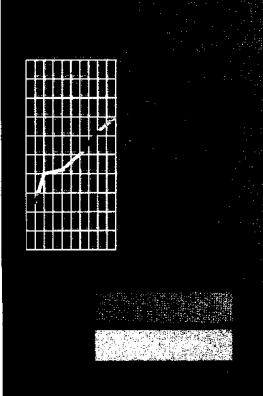
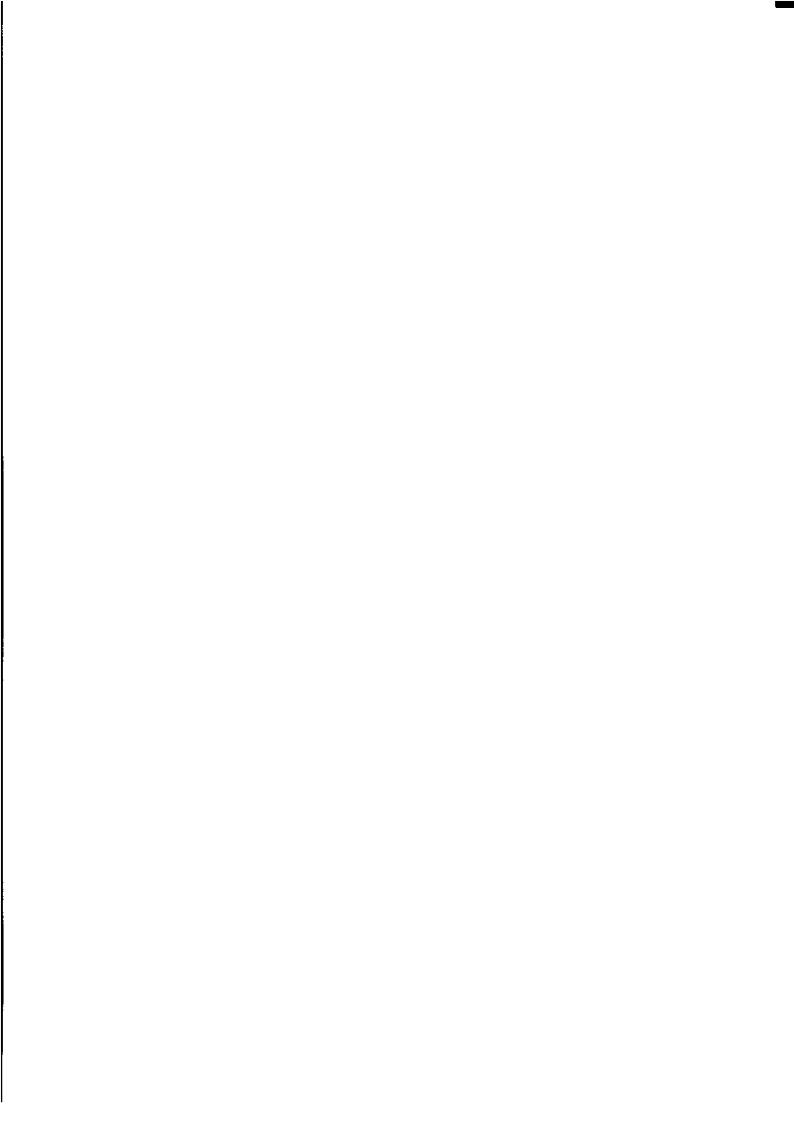
Regional Statistics Northern Territory



ABS Catalogue No 1362.7



REGIONAL STATISTICS NORTHERN TERRITORY

1995

Bob Harrison Statistician, Northern Territory

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CATALOGUE NO. 1362.7

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INQUIRES:	• for further information about statistics in this publical availablity of related unpublished statistics, contact Be on (089) 432 189 or any ABS State office.	v Fauntleroy
	 for information about other ABS statistics and services, ple page 23. 	ase refer to

ABBREVIATIONS AND OTHER USAGES

Standard notations are used throughout this publication with meanings as follows:

LGA	Local Government Area	n.a.	not available
SD	Statistical Division	n.p.	not available for separate publication
SSD	Statistical Subdivision		(but included in totals where applicable
(S)	Shire	-	nil or rounded to zero
(T)	Town	 68	- Indicates that the figure is the
Pt	Part		sum of these columns
(CGC)	Community Government Council		

INTRODUCTION

Regional Statistics, Northern Territory presents data for statistical areas in regions of local influence, major regional centres and shires. In addition to the tables, the accompanying maps show features of local significance. Table 9 contains a special feature on the Town of Palmerston accompanied by a map and a summary of Palmerston's growth. Descriptions and definitions of the presented data are found in the Explanatory Notes.

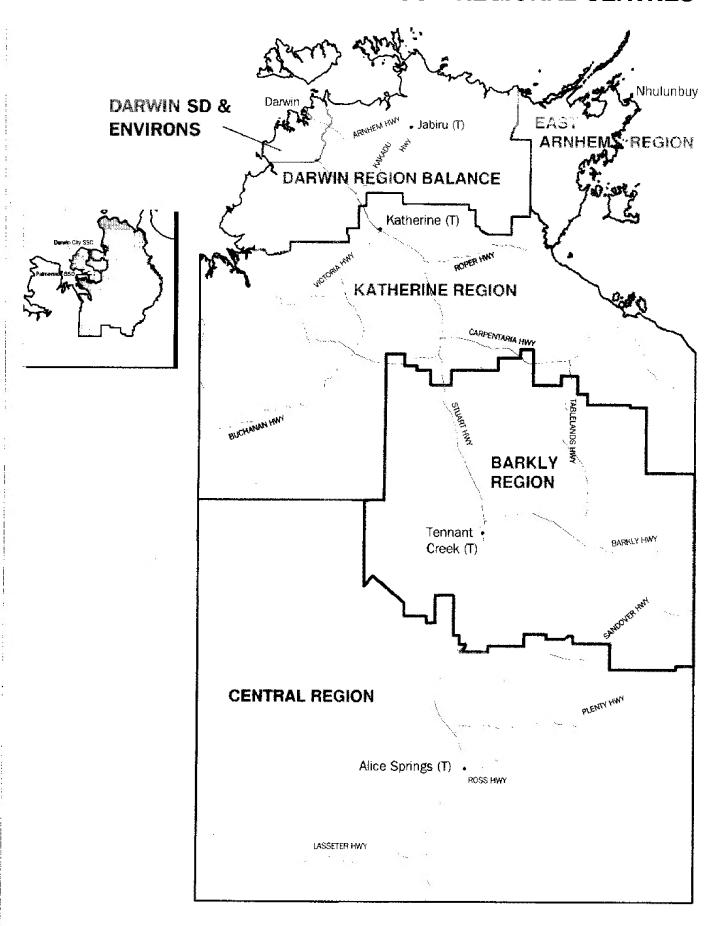
This publication has been produced in response to the need for regional statistics, highlighted at the North Australian Statistics Workshop held in Darwin in May 1995.

Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and organisations. Their continued co-operation is very much appreciated: without it the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available for general use by the community. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the Census and Statistics Act.

The data contained in this publication represents only a sample of the full range of statistics available from the ABS. For further information about ABS statistics and services refer to page 23 of this publication.

Bob Harrison Statistician, Northern Territory January 1996

NORTHERN TERRITORY - MAJOR REGIONAL CENTRES



### Population ### Population at 30 June 1994 ### Population at 30 June 1994 ### Population at 30 June 1994 ### Population at 30 June 1993 ### Population at 30 June 1994 ### Population at 30 June 1995 ### Population a	Particulars	Unit	Darwin City	Palmerston SSD	Litchfield Shire	Katherine (T)	Nhulunbuy	Jabiru	Tennant Creek	Alice Springs
Estimated resident population at 30 Lives 1994	Area	sq km	113	95	2,862	526	7	14	24	424
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1983 No. 647,699 10.186 10.186 10.186 3.292 1.991 3.140 24.57 Estimated resident population at 30 June 1983 No. 68.189 8.500 9.670 8.500 4.292 1.480 3.210 24.21 Secreted ger range population at 30 June 1984 No. 68.189 8.500 9.670 8.500 4.292 1.480 3.210 24.21 Secreted ger range populations 30 June 1984 No. 10.338 2.781 1.005 1.005 4.24 1.87 3.47 2.55 Secreted ger range populations 30 June 1985 No. 10.338 2.781 1.588 1.195 7.77 2.46 5.35 4.2 5.35 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.383 2.05 4.0 1.97 2.46 5.35 4.2 5.35 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.383 2.05 4.0 1.9 3.7 2.05 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.383 2.05 4.0 1.9 3.7 2.07 4.7 2.05 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.383 2.05 4.0 1.0 3.7 2.07 4.7 2.05 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.383 2.05 4.0 1.0 3.7 2.07 4.7 2.05 Seyman or more No. 2.258 3.35 3.35 2.700 3.090 4.500 4.	Population									
Second part Company	Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	66,876	11,209	11,634	8,732	3,847	1,356	3,099	24,852
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994 Selected age range populations 30 June 1994 Oct years Sold	Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	67,699	10,186	10,965	8,493	3,923	1,391	3,140	24,679
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994 Oil years	Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	68,190	8,560	9,670	8,350	4,020	1,450	3,210	24,250
0.4 years	Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	- 0.6	10.3	6.8	1.5	- 1.4	- 2 . 2	- 1.2	0.8
10,398 2,281 1,888 1,657 737 246 638 4.2	Selected age range populations 30 June 1994									
Second Second Process	0-4 years	No.	5,613	1,382	1,095	1,005	424	182	347	2,524
Money	5-14 years	No.	10,338	2.281	1,888	1.657	737	246	536	4,232
Decupied private dwellings - Comuss 1991 counts No.	65 years or more	No.	2,258	335	383	205	40	19	130	776
Medical nousehold income. 1991 Contains S. 37,500 27,500 37,500 37,500 32,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 32,500 37,500 32,500 32,500 37,500 32,500	Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	70,072	8,328	9746	9372	3,934	1.731	3480	25,585
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census per cent 7.3 14.7 6.5 10.8 3.3 9.0 28.0 15 15 1993 Births, 1993 No. 1.155 244 222 206 89 25 73 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Occupied private dwellings - Census 1991 counts	No.	22,158	2,611	3,285	2,760	1.103	537	1,074	7,991
Buths, 1993 No. 1,155	Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	37,500	27,500	32,500	37,500	55,000	45,000	32,500	37,500
Deaths 1993 No. 236 35 38 42 5 2 10 10 Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992 No. 236 136 No. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.	Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	7.3	14 .7	6.5	16.6	3.3	8.0	28.0	15 .1
Suldding, 1994-95 Sundardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992 Index no 139 168 n.e. n.a. n.a	Births, 1993	No.	1,155	244	222	206	89	25	73	568
Building, 1994-95 Now deeling units approved No. S15 421 200 19 8 2 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Deaths 1993	No.	236	35	38	42	5	2	10	104
New dwelling units approved No. 515 421 260 19 8 2 3 11 Value of new residential building approvals 500 75,789 44,248 23,633 2,209 1,165 237 276 17,90 Value of all building approved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 1		Index no	139	166	n.a.	n,a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
New dwelling units approved No. 515 421 260 19 8 2 3 11 Value of new residential building approvals 500 75,789 44,248 23,633 2,209 1,165 237 276 17,90 Value of all building approved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 153,357 89,670 34,094 3,624 2,374 369 1,049 45,89 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 6 8 8 4 4 5 13 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Suppoved 5000 1,049 1	Building, 1994-95									
Value of new residential building approvals \$000 75.789 44.248 23.633 2.209 1.165 237 276 17.9 Value of all building approved \$000 153.357 83.670 34.994 3.624 2.374 369 1.049 45.8 Business locations, June 1995 Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing No. 49 3 107 20 4	New dwelling units approved	No.	515	421	260	19	8	2	3	189
Substance Subs	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$1000	75,789	44,248	23,633	2,209	1,165	237	276	17,990
Agricuture, Forestry & Fishing No 49 6 8 4 4 5 13 Mining No 49 6 8 4 4 5 13 Mining No 49 6 8 4 4 5 13 Mining No 140 19 13 13 4 2 2 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		\$'000	153,357	89,670	34,094	3.624	2,374	369	1,049	45,806
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing No 49 6 8 4 4 5 13 Manifest Mining No 49 6 8 4 4 4 5 13 Manifest Mining No 49 6 8 4 4 4 5 13 Manifest Mining No 140 19 13 13 4 2 2 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 Construction No 385 52 82 58 18 5 52 1 1 Wholesale Trade No 385 52 82 58 18 5 521 1 Wholesale Trade No 385 52 82 58 18 6 5 21 1 1 Mining Mini	Business locations, June 1995			-						
Manufacturing No 140 19 13 13 4 2 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 2 1 1 3 2 1 - 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 2 1 1 3 2 1 - 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 2 1 1 3 2 1 - 2 2 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 1 Electricity, Gas & Water Supply No 380 5 18 18 6 - 6 6 18 28 29 17 17 18 18 6 - 6 18 28 29 17 18 18 18 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		No-	49	3					-	13
No. 1	-	No								9
Construction No 385 52 82 58 18 5 21 12 12 12 13 13 6 - 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6										50 1
Wholesale Trade No 302 14 15 18 6 6 8 Retail Trade No 712 33 35 37 27 6 28 2 Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants No 188 4 8 26 9 7 17 1 Transport & Storage No 232 17 21 46 9 5 20 1 Communication Services No 203 3 2 2 3 1 3 7 Finance & Insurance No 153 4 3 5 3 1 3 7 France & Insurance No 153 4 3 5 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1										159
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants No				14	15	18				68
Transport & Storage No. 232 17 21 46 9 5 20 1 Communication Services No. 20 3 . 2 3 1 3 Fringhort & Storage No. 590 26 41 51 28 7 16 1 Government Administration & Defence No. 138 5 3 18 11 5 15 Education No. 138 5 3 18 11 5 15 Education No. 112 5 7 21 7 1 10 Health & Community Services No. 242 12 8 32 11 4 13 Cultural & Recreational Services No. 119 3 8 8 8 5 3 7 Personal & Other Services No. 119 3 8 8 8 8 5 3 7 Fresonal & Other Services No. 242 12 12 35 9 7 21 Total No. 3,675 219 374 446 159 59 197 1.2 Retail, 1991-92 Locations at 30 June 1992 No. 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 2 Total shopfront retail turnover \$500 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23,044 6,018 22,930 189,0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No. 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No. 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 Percent 4,9 8,3 6,2 3,7 2,4 2,5 4,3 4 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No. 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate Percent 72,3 n.a. n.a. n.a. 48,9 n.a. n.a. 38,4 4 Room Occupancy Rate Percent 72,3 n.a. n.a. n.a. 48,9 n.a. n.a. 38,4 4		No								257
Communication Services										100 113
Finance & Insurance No 153 4 3 5 3 1 3 Property & Business Services No 590 26 41 51 28 7 16 15 Government Administration & Defence No 138 5 3 18 11 5 15 Education No 112 5 7 21 7 1 10 Health & Community Services No 242 12 8 32 11 4 13 Cultural & Recreational Services No 119 3 8 8 5 3 7 Personal & Other Services No 149 3 8 8 5 3 7 Personal & Other Services No 242 12 12 35 9 7 21 Total No 3,675 219 374 446 159 59 197 1.2 Retail, 1991-92 Locations at 30 June 1992 No 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 2 Total shopfront retail turnover \$000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23,044 6,018 22,930 189,000 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,800 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 356 358 170 53 24 67 50 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 Per cent 4,9 8,3 6,2 3,7 2,4 2,5 4,3 1,575 13,800 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 Per cent 4,9 8,3 6,2 3,7 2,4 2,5 4,3 1,575 13,800 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 Per cent 7,2,3 n.a. 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,										8
Government Administration & Defence			_	4	3					35
Education No 112 5 7 21 7 1 10 Health & Community Services No 242 12 8 32 11 4 13 Cultural & Recreational Services No 119 3 8 8 8 5 3 7 Personal & Other Services No 242 12 12 2 35 9 7 21 Total No 3,675 219 374 446 159 59 197 1.2 Retail, 1991-92 Locations at 30 June 1992 No 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 2 Total shopfront retail turnover \$000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23.044 6,018 22,930 189,0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4,9 8,3 6,2 3,7 2,4 2,5 4,3 4 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48,9 n.a. n.a. 38,4 4										161 35
Health & Community Services										43
Cultural & Recreational Services	_									73
Total No 3,675 219 374 446 159 59 197 1,2 Retail, 1991-92 Locations at 30 June 1992 No 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 2 Total shopfront retail turnover \$000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23.044 6,018 22,930 189.0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4			119	3						45
Retail, 1991-92 Locations at 30 June 1992 No. 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 2 Total shopfront retail turnover 5000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23.044 6,018 22,930 189,0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No. 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No. 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourlst Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No. 27 fi.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Personal & Other Services									76
Locations at 30 June 1992 No. 726 32 50 71 31 9 35 22 Total shopfront retail turnover \$000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23.044 6,018 22,930 189.0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No. 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No. 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 4.3 Tourlst Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No. 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Total	No	3,675	219	374	446	159	59	197	1,246
Total shopfront retail turnover \$000 498,713 36,676 24,231 51,794 23.044 6,018 22,930 189.0 Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4,9 8,3 6,2 3,7 2,4 2,5 4,3 4 Tourlst Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72,3 n.a. n.a. 48,9 n.a. n.a. 38,4 4	Retail, 1991-92									
Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5.753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Locations at 30 June 1992	No	726	32	50	71	31	9		244
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95 No 38,907 4,329 5,753 4,657 2,215 947 1,575 13,8 Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Total shopfront retail turnover	\$000	498,713	36,676	24,231	51,794	23.044	6,018	22,930	189,099
Unemployed - June Qtr 95 No 1,908 358 358 170 53 24 67 5 Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Labour market - DEET									
Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95 per cent 4.9 8.3 6.2 3.7 2.4 2.5 4.3 Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95	No	38,907	4,329	5,753	4,657	2,215	947		13,806
Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels & Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Unemployed - June Qtr 95	No	1,908							566
Guest Houses - 1994-95 Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 ri.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95	per cent	4.9	8.3	6.2	3.7	2.4	2.5	4.3	4.1
Establishments at 30 June 95 No 27 n.a. n.a. 8 n.a. n.a. 4 Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4										
Room Occupancy Rate per cent 72.3 n.a. n.a. 48.9 n.a. n.a. 38.4 4	Guest Houses - 1994-95									
ROOM Occupancy reace	Establishments at 30 June 95	Na	27	ก.а.	n.a			n.a.		23
Takings from Accommodation 000 40,273 n.a. n.a. 4,576 n.a. n.a. 1,471 19,6	Room Occupancy Rate	per cent	72.3	n.a.	n.a.	. 48.9	n.a.	n.a.	38.4	49.8
	Takings from Accommodation	000	40,273	n.a.	n.a.	. 4,576	s n.a.	n.a.	1,471	19,677

		Darwin SD &	Darwin Region
Particulars	Unit	Environs	Balance
Area	sq km	10,262	132,011
Population			. 10
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	91,262	11,574
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	90,389	11,433
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	87,900	11,230
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	1.3	1.0
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994	,		2.0
0-4 years	No.	8,286	1,387
5-14 years	No.	14,766	2,466
65 years or more	No.	3,026	304
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	89,996	12,496
Occupied private dwellings, 1991 Census	No.	28,681	2,684
Median household income range, 1991 Census	\$	37.500	30-35,000
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	8.4	61.7
Indigenous Communities	No		137
Pitthe 1002			
Births, 1993 Deaths 1993	No.	1,655	312
	No.	323	77
Standardised mortality ratios 1991 & 1992	Index no.	140	n.a.
Building, 1994-95			
New dwelling units approved	No.	1,231	54
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	146,118	5,837
Value of all building approved	\$'000	283,075	22,291
Business locations, June 1995			
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	179	37
Mining	No	72	20
Manufacturing	No	176	4
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	6	3
Construction	No	523	11
Wholesale Trade	No	331	1
Retail Trade	No	791	29
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	209	30
Transport & Storage	No	275	10
Communication Services	No	24	1
Finance & Insurance	No	160	1
Property & Business Services	No	635	14
Government Administration & Defence	No	149	17
Education	No	129	18
Health & Community Services	No	265	14
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	131	8
Personal & Other Services	No	274	32
Total Total	No	4,329	250
Cattle Producing Establishments as at 31 March 1994	No	17	19
Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No	31,1 44	86.502
Retall, 1991-92		- -,- · ·	33,002
ocations at 30 June 1995	No	812	20
otal shopfront retail turnover 1991-92	\$'000		20
	φυυυ	562,155	17,438
Abour market - DEET	B.L.		
ersons in the labour force - June Qtr 1995	No	49,825	4,522
Inemployed - June Qtr 1995	No	2,673	526
inemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	per cent	5.4	11.6
community Development Employment Projects (CDEP)			
articipants Sept 94	No	**-****	1,370
· '		**-******	±,010

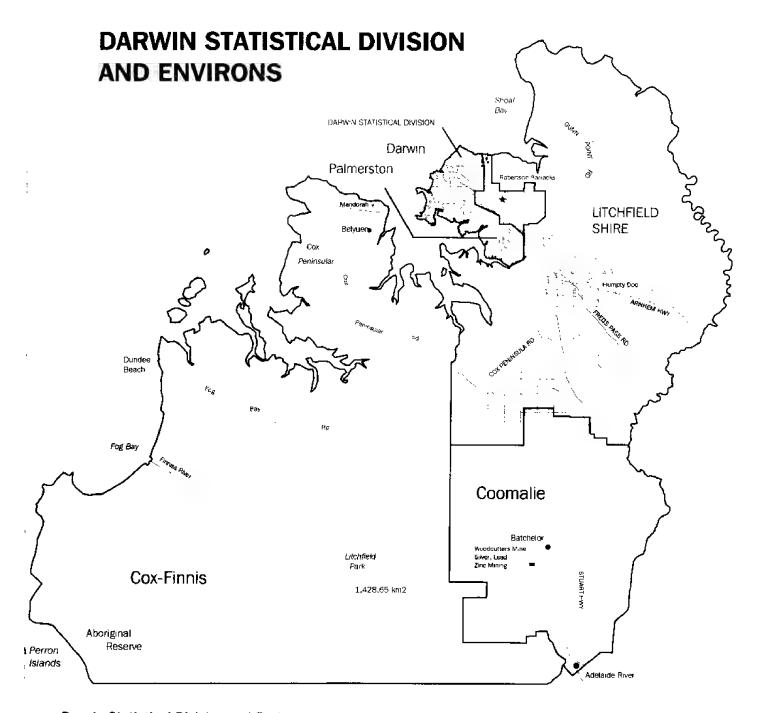
MAJOR REGIONAL CENTRES AND SHIRES

Particulars	Unit	Darwin City	Palmerston SSD	Litchfield Shire	Katherine (T)	Nhulunbuy	Jabiru	Tennant Creek	Alice Springs
Area	sq km	113	95	2,862	526	7	14	24	424
Population									
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No	66,876	11.209	11,634	8,732	3,847	1,356	3,099	24,852
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	67,699	10,186	10,965	8.493	3,923	1,391	3,140	24,679
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	68,190	8,560	9,670	8.350	4,020	1,450	3,210	24,250
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	· 0.6	10.3	6.8	1.5	- 1.4	- 2.2	- 1.2	8.0
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994									
0-4 years	No.	5,613		1,095	1,005	424	182	347	2,524
5-14 years	No.	10,338		1,888	1,657	737	246	536	4,232
65 years or more	No.	2.258	335	383	205	40	19	130	77 6
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	70.072	8,328	9746	9372	3.934	1,731	3480	25,585
Occupied private dwellings - Census 1991 counts	No.	22.158		3,285	2,760	1,103	537	1,074	7,991
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	37.500	27,500	32,500	37.500	55,000	45,000	32,500	37,500
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	7.3	14.7	6.5	16,6	3.3	8.0	28.0	15.1
Births, 1993	No.	1.155	244	222	206	89	25	73	568
Deaths 1993	No.	236	35	38	42	5	2	10	104
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	index no	139	16 6	n.a.	n,a.	n.a.	n.a.	п.а.	n.a.
Building, 1994-95									
New dwelling units approved	No.	515	421	260	19	8	2	3	189
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	75,789	44,248	23,633	2,209	1,165	237	276	17.990
Value of all building approved	\$'000	153,357	89,670	34,094	3,624	2,374	369	1.049	45,806
Business locations, June 1995									
Agniculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	49			20	4	-	-	13
Mining	No	49		8	4	4	5 2	13 2	9 50
Manufacturing Floatrigity, Gos & Water Supply	No No	140 2		13 3	13 2			2	1
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply Construction	No	385		82		18	5	21	159
Wholesale Trade	No	302		15	18		-	6	68
Retail Trade	No	712 188		35 8		27 9	6 7	28 17	257 100
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants Transport & Storage	No No	232		21			5	20	113
Communication Services	No	20		-	2	3	1	3	8
Finance & Insurance	No	153		3			1	3 16	35 161
Property & Business Services Government Administration & Defence	No No	590 138		41 3			7 5	15	35
Education	No	112					1	10	43
Health & Community Services	No	242					4	13	73
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	119					3 7	7 21	45 76
Personal & Other Services	No No	242 3,675					59	197	1,246
Total	110	3,013	213	J/4	440	155	3 3	101	
Retail, 1991-92		700		F.0	74	74	0	35	244
Locations at 30 June 1992	Na	726					9 6,018	22,930	189.099
Total shopfront retail turnover	\$'000	498,713	36,676	24,231	51,794	23,044	0,018	22,930	169,099
Labour market - DEET									
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 95	No	38,907					947	1,575	13,806
Unemployed - June Qtr 95	No	1,908						67	566
Unemployment rate - June Qtr 95	per cent	4.9	8.3	6.2	3.7	2.4	2.5	4.3	4.1
Tourist Accommodation - Hotels, Motels &									
Guest Houses - 1994-95					_				-
Establishments at 30 June 95	No	27						20.4	23
Room Occupancy Rate	per cent	72 3	3 n.a.	n.a				38.4	49.8
Takings from Accommodation	000	40,273	3 n.a.	n.a	. 4,576	i n.a.	n.a.	1,471	19,677

		Darwin SD &	Dar	win Region
Particulars	Unit	Environs		Balance
Area	s q km	10,262		132,011
Population				
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	91,262		11,574
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	90,389		11.433
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	87,900		11.230
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	1.3		1.0
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994	por some	1.0		1.0
0-4 years	No.	8.286		1,387
5-14 years	No.	14,766		2,466
65 years or more	No.	3.026		304
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	ഉറ റാര		10.406
Occupied private dwellings, 1991 Census	No.	89,996		12,496
— ·	\$	28,681		2,684
Median household income range, 1991 Census	·	37,500		30-35,000
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	8.4		61.7
Indigenous Communities	No		13 7	
Births, 1993	No.	1,655		312
Deaths 1993	No.	323		77
Standardised mortality ratios 1991 & 1992	Index no.	140		n.a.
Building, 1994-95				
New dwelling units approved	No.	1,231		54
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	146,118		5,8 37
Value of all building approved	\$'000	283,075		22,291
Durings Investigation to 400P				
Business locations, June 1995				
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	179		37
Mining	No	72		20
Manufacturing	No	176		4
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	6		3
Construction	No	523		11
Wholesale Trade	No	331		1
Retail Trade	No	791		29
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	209		30
Transport & Storage	No	275		10
Communication Services	No 	24		1
Finance & Insurance	No	160		1
Property & Business Services	No	635		14
Government Administration & Defence	No 	149		17
Education	No	129		18
Health & Community Services	No	265		14
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	131		8
Personal & Other Services	No	274		32
Total	No	4,329		250
Cattle. Producing Setablishments on at 24 March 4001	No			
Cattle Producing Establishments as at 31 March 1994 Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No No	17		19
Cattle Mullipers as at 31 Malch 1994	NO	31,144		86,502
Retall, 1991-92				
ocations at 30 June 1995	No	812		20
otal shopfront retail turnover 1991-92	\$'000	562,155		17,438
abour market - DEET				
Persons in the labour force - June Otr 1995	No	49,8 25		4,522
Jnemployed - June Otr 1995	No	2.673		526
Jnemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	per cent	5.4		11.6
Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP)				
Participants Sept 94	No		1,370	*

NORTHERN TERRITORY REGIONS

Norther	Central	Barkly	Katherine	East Arnhem
Territor	Region	Region	Region	Region
1,347,16	546.572	283.648	336,674	37,997
171,13	34,554	5,889	15.464	12,192
1 69 ,30	34,201	5.891	15,064	12,127
165,50	33.440	5.990	14,770	12,060
1.	1.1	-0.6	1.6	0.4
17,08	3,587	609	1 706	4 445
30,59	6,406		1,796	1,415
5,21	1,090	1.092 192	3,081	2,787
			393	192
175,89	36,617	6.746	17,083	11,531
50,56	10,391	1,815	4,631	2,340
37,50	37,500	32,500	32,500	55,000
23.	29.8	42.1	36.1	52.5
55	198	48	87	89
3.60	812	134	384	303
76	175	22	104	63
20	190	221	401	543
1,64	226	6	67	57
187,73	21,416	512	7,086	6,762
402,18	73,521	. 1,493	11,655	10,149
49	97	39	133	6
14	24	15	7	5
25 1	53 2	2 3	15 2	5
81	165	25	∠ 64	1 27
43	71	7	18	10
1,30	293	35	110	47
43	123	21	35	13
50	126	20	60	16
4	9	3	2	4
20	35	4	5	3
93	179	1 7	57	34
27	46	1 7	23	21
30	76	21	39	20
44	94	15	38	20
21	55	7	10	6
54 7,36	122 1,570	30 281	54 672	29 267
21	73	31	77	-
1,435,47	278.070	500,574	539,185	-
4	22.			
1,29	281	41	92	48
943,87	227,022	26,561	70,995	39.701
07.04	47.070	0.000	6.455	
87.31	17,872	2,836	8,108	4,151
5,55	1,137	259	628	330
6.	6.4	9.1	7.7	₹ 9
	1,650	600	1,450	4 200
6,43	1 POI	600	1.450	1,360



Darwin Statistical Division and Environs covers 10,262 square kilometres and encompasses the largely urban areas of Darwin and Palmerston (Darwin Statistical Division) and the surrounding rural areas of Litchfield, Cox-Finnis and Coomalie, extending as far south as Adelaide River township (combined as the Darwin Rural Area Statistical Subdivision).

Climatic conditions are tropical with two distinct seasons. The wet season runs from October to April and the dry season from May to September. The area is influenced by monsoonal activity and is subject to cyclonic storms from tropical cyclones that form off the coast. Darwin has a yearly mean of 1659 millimetres of rain, while the average maximum temperature is 30 degrees in the 'dry' and 33 degrees (accompanied by high humidity) in the 'wet'.

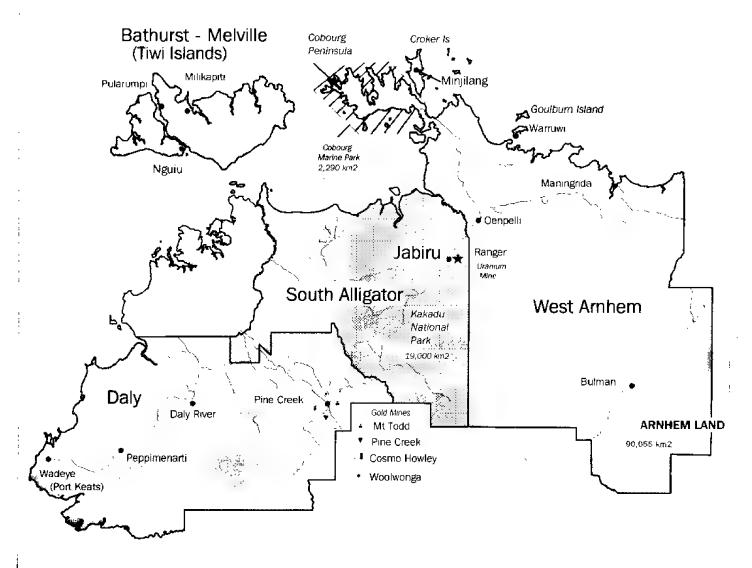
The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 91,262 (53.3% of the Territory's total population). Strong population growth has been recorded in Palmerston and Litchfield in recent years, partly as a result of a Defence Forces build-up in the region and of overspill from Darwin City as available vacant residential land has decreased. Approximately 9% of the region's population is of Indigenous descent.

Darwin has Capital City status and is the centre of government for the Northern Territory. Darwin is often referred to as Australia's 'gateway to Asia' and infrastructure developments, including the Port of Darwin, are aimed at developing Darwin's role as a potential hub to service the near Asian region.

3 DARWIN STATISTICAL DIVISION AND ENVIRONS

3 DARWIN STATISTICAL	DIVIDION	Total Darwin SD			
Particulars	Unit	Darwin City SSD	Palmerston SSD	Darwin Rurai SSD	& Environs
Area	sq km	113	95	10,054	10,262
Population					
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	66,876	11,209	13,177	91,262
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	67, 699	10,186	12,504	90,389
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	68,190	8,560	11,150	87,900
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	- 0.6	10.3	6.1	1.3
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994					
0-4 years	No.	5,613	1,382	1,291	8,286
5-14 years	No.	10,338	2,281	2,147	14,766
65 years or more	No.	2,258	335	433	3,026
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	70,072	8,328	11,596	89,996
Occupied private dwellings , 1991 Census	No.	22,158	2,611	3,912	28,681
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	37.500	27,500	32,500	37,500
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	7,3	14.7	10.2	9.1
Births, 1993	No.	1,155	244	256	1,655
Deaths 1993	No.	236	35	52	323
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	Index no.	139	166	135	140
Duilding 1001.05					
Building, 1994-95 New dwelling units approved	No.	515	421	2 9 5	1,231
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	75.78 9	44,248	26,081	146,118
Value of all building approved	\$'000	153,357	89,670	40,048	283,075
Business locations, June 1995					
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	49	3	127	179
Mining	No	49	6	17	72
Manufacturing	No	140	19	17	176
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	2	1	3	6
Construction	No	385	52	86	523
Wholesale Trade	No	302	14	15	331
Retail Trade	No	712	33	46	791
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	188	4	17	209
Transport & Storage	No	232	17	26	275
Communication Services	No	20	3	1	24
Finance & Insurance	No	153	4	3	160
Property & Business Services	No	590	26	43	63 5
Government Administration & Defence	No	138	5	6	149
Education	No	112	5	12	129
Health & Community Services	No	242	12	11	265
Cultural & Recreational Services	No 	119	3	9	131
Personal & Other Services	No	242	12	20	274
Total	No	3.675	219	459	4,329
Cattle Producing Establishments -					
as at 31 March 1994	No	-	_	17	17
Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No	_	-	31,144	31,144
Retail, 1991-92					
Locations at 30 June 1992	No	726	3 2	54	812
Total shopfront retail turnover	\$'000	498,713	36,676	26,766	562,155
Laharur maykat DEET					
Labour market - DEET Persons in the labour force - June Otr 1995	No	38,907	4,329	6,589	49,825
Unemployed persons - June Qtr 1995	No No	38,907 1,908	4,329 358	407	49,825 2,673
Unemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	per cent	1,908 4.9	308 8.3	407 6.2	2,673 5.4
Commission rate - June Qui 1990	per cont	7.5	0.5	0.2	J.4

DARWIN REGION BALANCE



The Darwin Region Balance covers an area of almost 132,021 square kilometres, partially boarded by the coastline from the Fitzmaurice River in the Joseph Bonaparte Gulf to Beaucaut Bay in the Arafura Sea, (It excludes Darwin Statistical Division and Environs). Mostly the coast is low-lying, unvegetated mudflats or mangrove swamps with occasional cliffs that rarely exceed 20 metres in height. The larger rivers are tidal for more than 100 kilometres upstream from their mouths and extensively flood the coastal plains in the wet season. Climatic conditions are tropical.

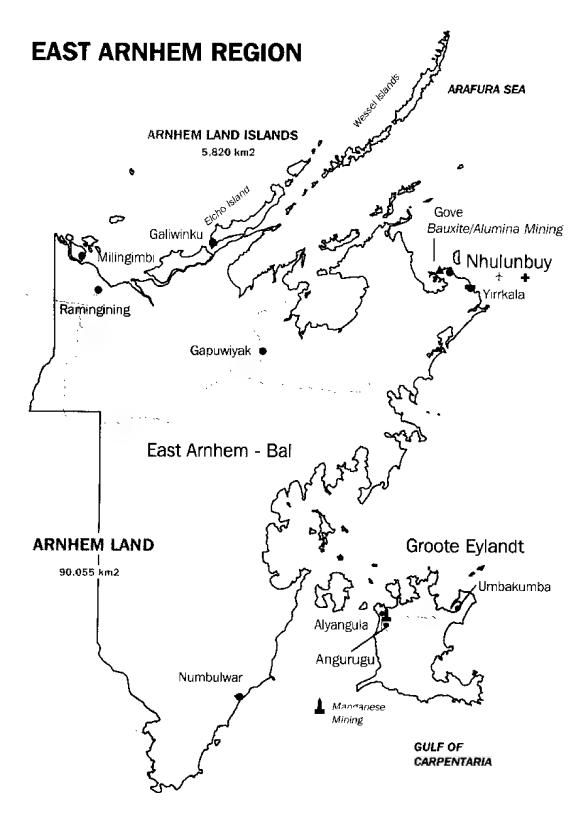
The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 11,574 with approximately 62% of Indigenous descent. For Bathurst-Melville and West Arnhem this proportion rises to around 90%.

This region includes Kakadu National Park, a major tourist destination for both international and Australian visitors. Touring and recreational fishing activities are contributing to tourism in areas such as the Tiwi Islands, Cobourg Peninsula and the Daly River.

Uranium mining at Ranger, near Jabiru, and gold mining around Pine Creek add significantly to this region's economy.

4 DARWIN REGION BALANCE

		Bathurst -		South	West		Darwin
Particulars	Unit	Melville	Jabiru (T)	Alligator	Arnhem	Daly	Region Bal
irea	są km	5,80 7	14	28,624	58,789	38,778	132,011
opulation							
stimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	1,950	1,356	662	3,976	3,630	11,574
stimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	1.938	1,391	664	3,914	3,526	11.433
stimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	1,860	1,450	670	3,800	3,450	11,230
werage annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	1.6	-2.2	-0.4	1.5	1.7	1.0
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994							
0-4 years	No.	198	182	42	450	515	1,387
5-14 years	No.	376	246	79	929	836	2,466
35 years or more	No.	54	19	19	102	110	304
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	1,820	1,731	1,602	3,688	3,655	12,496
Occupied private dwellings, 1991 Census	No.	384	537	415	55 6	792	2,684
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	22.500	45,000	32,500	32,500	32,500	33,000
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	90.2	8.0	19.9	89.4	62.1	61.7
Births, 1993	No.	45	25	6	124	112	312
Deaths 1993	No.	25	2	4	23	23	77
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	Index no.	321	••••	568		216	n.a.
Building, 1994-95							
lew dwelling units approved	No.	17	2	1	25	9	54
falue of new residential building approvals	\$'000	1.782	237	39	2,830	949	5,837
falue of all building approved	\$'000	2,391	369	39	3,930	15,562	22,291
turius and together the 1005							
Business locations, June 1995	No	_	_	14	4	19	37
Ignoulture, Forestry & Fishing	No	_	- 5	3	1	11	20
Anning	No	1	2	_	_	1	4
Manufacturing	No	_	_	_	_	3	3
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply Construction	No	2	5	_	1	3	11
Vholesale Trade	No	_	_	_	1	_	1
Retail Trade	No	5	6	1	8	9	29
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	4	7	7	3	9	30
ransport & Storage	No	_	5	2	2	1	10
Communication Services	No	_	1		_	_	1
Finance & Insurance	No	_	1	_	_	_	1
Property & Business Services	No	1	7	2	2	2	14
Sovernment Administration & Defence	No	3	5	_	4	5	17
Education	No	2	1	_	9	6	18
Health & Community Services	No	2	4	_	5	3	14
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	-	3	1	3	1	8
Personat & Other Services	No	10	7	1	8	6	32
otal	No	30	59	31	51	79	250
Cattle Producing Establishments - as at 31 March 1994	No			7	_	12	19
	No No	_	_	13,416	_	73,086	86,502
Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No	_	_	15,410	_	13,000	00,002
Retail, 1991-92							
ocations at 30 June 1992	No	1	9	_	5	5	20
otal shopfront retail turnover	\$'000	n.p.	6,018	n.a.	5,561	n.p.	17,438
about module - BEET							
abour market - DEET	No	589	947	716	729	1.541	4.522
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 1995							526
· •							11.6
Jnemployed persons - June Qtr 1995 Jnemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	No per cent	86 14.6	24 2.5	26 3.6	206 28.3		



The East Arnhem Region covers an area of almost 37,997 square kilometres, bounded by the north-eastern coastline of NT. The area includes the eastern half of Arnhem Land and Groote Eylandt in the Gulf of Carpentaria. Climatic conditions are tropical. The average monthly rainfall at Gove ranges from 294 millimetres in the wet, falling mainly during December to March, to only a few millimetres in the dry.

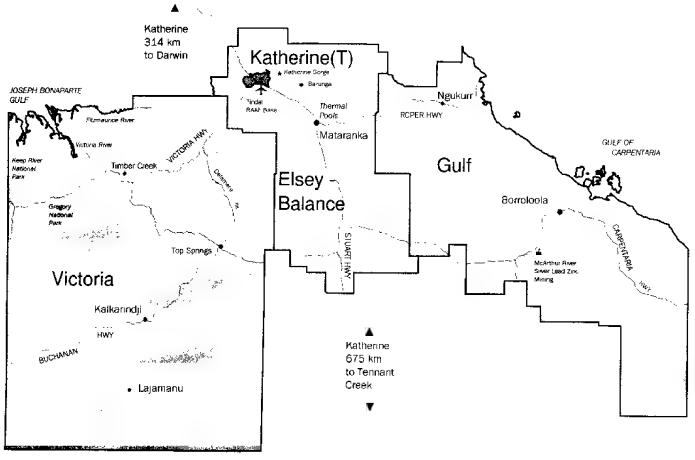
The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 12,192 with approximately 53% of Indigenous descent. Excluding Alyangula and Nhulunbuy this proportion rises to around 90%.

Bauxite mining at Gove and manganese mining at Alyangula provide this region with its major economic activity. Flooding during the wet isolates this area and air and sea services provide the only means of travel to other areas.

5 EAST ARNHEM REGION

		East	Groote		Tota
Particulars	Unit	Arnhem Bal	Eylandt	Nhulunbuy	Region
Area	sq km	35.594	2,396	7	37,997
Population					
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	5.779	2,566	3,847	12,192
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	5,623	2.581	3,923	12,127
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	5,490	2,550	4,020	12,060
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	1.8	0.2	-1.4	0.4
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994					
0-4 years	No.	703	288	424	1,415
5-14 years	No.	1,477	573	737	2,787
65 years or more	No.	110	42	40	192
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	5,239	2,358	3,934	11,531
Occupied private dwellings , 1991 Census	No.	727	510	1,103	2,340
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	37,500	45,000	55,000	55,000
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	89.6	49.4	3.3	52.5
D. Alex. 4000	No	163	51	89	303
Births, 1993	No.	41	17	69 5	63
Deaths 1993	No. Index no.				543
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	ingex no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	543
Building, 1994-95					
New dwelling units approved	No.	39	10	8	57
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	3,964	1,633	1,165	6,762
Value of all building approved	\$'000	5,901	1,873	2,374	10,149
Business locations, June 1995					
Agriculture. Forestry & Fishing	No	2	_	4	€
Mining	No	_	1	4	5
Manufacturing	No	_	1	4	5
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	_	_	1	1
Construction	No	1	8	18	27
Wholesale Trade	No	_	4	6	10
Retail Trade	No	9	11	27	47
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	_	4	9	13
Transport & Storage	No	4	3	9	16
Communication Services	No	_	1	3	4
Finance & Insurance	No	-	_	3	3
Property & Business Services	No	1	5	28	34
Government Administration & Defence	No	6	4	11	23
Education	No	8	5	7	20
Health & Community Services	No	6	3	11	20
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	_	1	5	6
Personal & Other Services	No	11	9	9	29
Total	No	48	60	159	267
Cattle Producing Establishments -	No			_	_
as at 31 March 1994 Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No No		_		-
Retail, 1991-92					
Establishments at 30 June 1992	No	6	11	31	48
Total shopfront retail turnover	\$1000	n.p.	n.p.	23,044	39,70
Labour market - DEET					
	No	1,028	908	2,215	4,15
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 1995				53	330
Unemployed persons - June Qtr 1995	No	200	77		
Unemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	per cent	19.5	8.5	2.4	7.9

KATHERINE REGION



The Katherine Region covers an area of 336,674 square kilometres, about 25 % of the Territory's land mass, and stretches from the Western Australian to the Queensland borders. Climatic conditions range from typical tropical conditions similar to the top-end of the Territory to semi-arid in the south-western parts of the region.

The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 15,464, just over half (56%) living in the town of Katherine. About 36% of the region's population is of Indigenous descent, ranging from 16% in Katherine(T) to 75% in the Gulf.

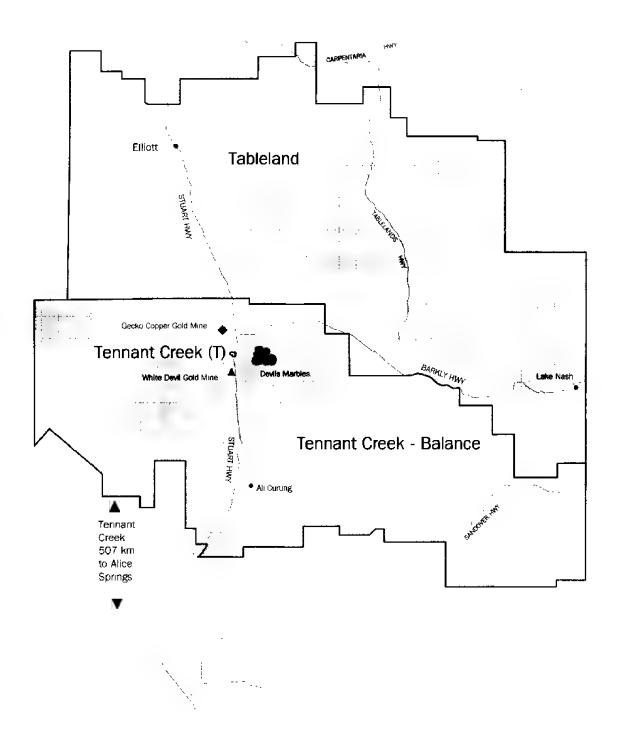
Situated at the junction of the Stuart and Victoria Highways, Katherine is the main service centre for extensive tourism, agricultural and mining activities in the region and is also a gateway to Darwin in the north and to Western Australia. Tindal RAAF Base, located 15 kilometres south of Katherine is Australia's northern air command centre. Katherine's population has grown dramatically since 1986, due to the Defence Forces build-up at Tindal and now approaches 9000.

High-grade deposits of silver, lead and zinc are the focus of the large scale McArthur River Mine, 80 km south-west of Borroloola in the Gulf.

6 KATHERINE REGION

		Elsey		Katherine		Total
Particulars	Unit	Balance	Gulf	(T)	Victoria	Region
Area	sq km	63.588	99,565	526	172.995	336,674
Population						
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	1,570	2.480	8,732	2,682	15,464
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	1,564	2,397	8,493	2,610	15,064
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991 Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	No.	1.540	2,350	8,350	2,540	14,770
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994	per cent	0.6	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.6
0-4 years	No.	187	309	1.005	205	4 700
5-14 years	No.	238	309 584	1,005 1,657	295 602	1,796
65 years or more	No.	238 25	71	205	92	3,0 81 393
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	2,213	2,549	9,372	2,949	17,083
Occupied private dwellings, 1991 Census	No.	670	562	2,760	639	4,631
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	27,500	22,500	37,500	27,500	32,500
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	36.4	74.7	16.6	62.6	36.1
Births, 1993	No.	70	47	206	61	384
Deaths 1993	No.	23	27	42	12	104
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	index no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a,	n.a.	401
Building, 1994-95						
New dwelling units approved	No.	17	9	19	22	67
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	2,068	802	2,209	2,007	7,086
Value of all building approved	\$'000	2,914	2,382	3,624	2,735	11,655
Business locations, June 1995						
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	54	20	20	39	133
Mining	No	1	2	4	_	7
Manufacturing	No	1	1	13	-	15
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	_	_	2	-	2
Construction	No	3	3	58	-	64
Wholesale Trade	No	_	_	18	_	18
Retail Trade	No N	13	6	87	4	110
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No No	4	2	26	3	35
Transport & Storage Communication Services	No No	4	5	46	5	60
Finance & Insurance	No No	-	_	2	_	2
Property & Business Services	No	- 2	2	5 51	- 2	5
Government Administration & Defence	No	1	2	18	2	57 23
Education	No	7	4	21	7	39
Health & Community Services	No	2	2	32	2	38
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	2	_	8	-	10
Personal & Other Services	No	6	7	35	6	54
Total	No	100	5 6	446	70	672
Oottle Bredwing February						
Cattle Producing Establishments - as at 31 March 1994	No	33	40	2	30	77
Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No No	93,529	12 33,912	2 1,211	30 410,533	77 539,185
Retail, 1991-92				•	•	
Locations at 30 June 1992	No	7	11	71	3	00
Total shopfront retail turnover	\$'000	5, 6 0 3	8,654	71 51,794	з 4,944	92 70, 9 95
Labour market - DEET						
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 1995	No	1,060	1,022	4,657	1,369	8,108
Unemployed persons - June Qtr 1995	No	108	177	170	173	628

BARKLY REGION



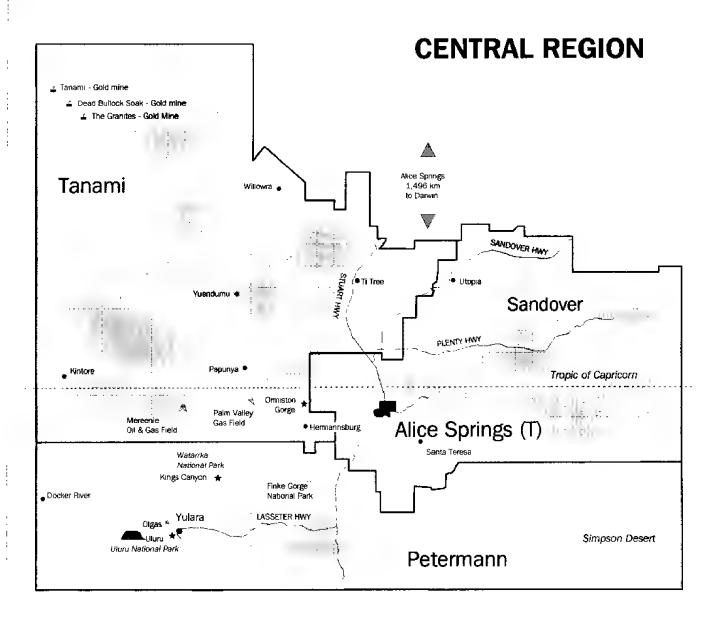
The Barkly Region covers an area of 283,648 square kilometres located in the central-eastern part of the Territory. Climatic conditions are semi-arid with an average annual rainfall varying between 600 millimetres in the north and 300 millimetres in the south.

The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 5,889, over half residing in Tennant Creek. About 42% of the region's population is of Indigenous descent.

Tennant Creek, located near the intersection of the main north-south and eastern highways, provides infrastructure support for significant pastoral, tourism and mining activities in the region.

7 BARKLY REGION

Do attack and		.	Tennant	Tennant	<u> </u>
Particulars	Unit	Tableland	Creek (T)	Creek - Bal	Region
Area	sq km	156,617	24	127,007	283.648
Population		4.047	0.000	4 ==0	
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1994	No.	1,017	3,099	1.773	5,889
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1993	No.	1.003	3.140	1,748	5,891
Estimated resident population at 30 June 1991	No.	1,030	3,210	1,740	5,990
Average annual growth rate 1991 to 1994	per cent	-0.4	·1.2	0.6	-0.6
Selected age range populations 30 June 1994	N/.	70	0.47	400	
0-4 years	No.	76	347	186	609
5-14 years 65 years or more	No. No.	154 23	536 130	402 39	1,092 192
Census count, 1991, (includes visitors & tourists)	No.	1,337	3,480	1,929	6,746
Occupied private dwellings, 1991 Census	No.	326	1,074	415	1,815
Median household income, 1991 Census	\$	22,500	32,500	32,500	32,500
Proportion Indigenous population, 1991 Census	per cent	37.7	28.0	69.6	42.1
Births, 1993	No.	16	73	45	134
Deaths 1993	No.	7	10	5	22
Standardised mortality ratios - 1991 & 1992	Index no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	221
Building, 1994-95					
New dwelling units approved	No.	nil	3	3	6
Value of new residential building approvals	\$'000	nil	276	236	512
Value of all building approved	\$'000	nil	1.049	444	1,493
Business locations, June 1995	•				
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	No	26	-	13	39
Mining	No	1	13	1	15
Manufacturing	No	_	2	-	2
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	No	1	2		3
Construction	No	1	21	. 3	25
Wholesale Trade	No	1	6	•	7
Retail Trade	No	1	28	6	35
Accommodation, Cafes & Restuarants	No	3	17	1	21
Transport & Storage	No	_	20	_	20
Communication Services	No	_	3	-	3
Finance & Insurance	No	_	3	1	4
Property & Business Services	No	_	16	1	17
Government Administration & Defence	No	1	15	1	17
Education	No	5	10	6	21
Health & Community Services	No	1	13	1	15
Cultural & Recreational Services	No	_	7	•	7
Personal & Other Services	No	3	21	6	30
Total	No	44	197	40	281
Cattle Producing Establishments -					
as at 31 March 1994	No	17	_	14	31
Cattle Numbers as at 31 March 1994	No	367,592	-	132,982	500,574
Retall, 1991-92					
Locations at 30 June 1992	No	_	35	6	41
Total shopfront retail turnover	\$1000	-	22,930	3,631	26,561
Labour market - DEET	N!-	500			A
Persons in the labour force - June Qtr 1995	No	589	1,575	672	2,836
Unemployed persons - June Qtr 1995	No .	54	67	138	259
Unemployment rate - June Qtr 1995	per cent	9.2	4.3	20.5	9.1



The Central Region covers an area of almost 546,572 square kilometres, 40.6% of the total Northern Territory land mass. Climatic conditions are arid with dry, cold winters (April to September) and hot, dry summers (October to March). Average annual rainfall ranges between 400 millimetres in the north to 200 millimetres in the south, falling mainly during December to March.

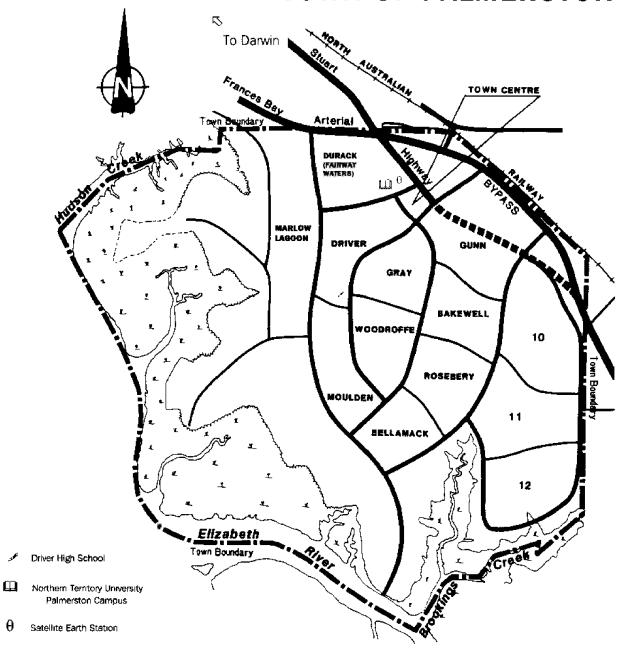
The estimated resident population of the region at 30 June 1994 was 34,554 (20.2% of the Territory's total population). Approximately 71.9% of the region's population live in Alice Springs and approximately 29.8% of the region's population is of Indigenous descent.

Alice Springs is the administrative centre for the significant tourism, pastoral, mining and defence activities in the region. Tourism infrastructure is well developed in Alice Springs, Yulara and other local destinations, and supports approximately 494,000 visitors to the region annually.

8 CENTRAL REGION

	Alice				Total
Unit	Springs (T)	Petermann	Sandover	Tanami	Region
sq km	424	167.896	136,464	241,788	546,572
No.	24,852	2,107	·	•	34,554
No.	24.679	2,089	·	•	34,201
No.	24,250	2.010	2,090		33,440
per cent	0.8	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.1
	•				3,587
				•	6,406
No.	776	70	78	166	1.090
No.	25.585	3,647	2,197	5,188	36,617
No.	7.991	1.064	436	900	10,391
\$	37.500	27,500	27,500	27,500	37,500
per cent	15.1	26.0	73.5	83.8	29.8
No.	568	49	85	110	812
		10	25	36	175
index no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n,a.	190
No	189	G.	14	14	226
					21,416
\$'000	45,806	23.771	1,493	2,451	73,521
No	12	10	40	25	97
					24
					24 53
					2
					165
				_	71
				12	293
					123
			_	-	126
		_		_	9
		_	_	_	35
		9	6	3	179
					46
					76
			4		94
	45	2	6	2	55
No	76	13	7	26	122
No	1,246	111	99	114	1,570
Nο		17	21	വ	73
	_		_		278,070
NO	_	33,003	140,091	10,100	210,010
No	244	15	4	18	281
\$'000	189,099	12,670	3,724	21,528	227,022
No	13,806	1,778	710	1,578	17,872
					1,137
					6.4
per cent	4.1	9.1	12.3	∠0.5	0.4
	sq km No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. Index no. No. No	Unit Springs (T) sq km 424 No. 24,852 No. 24,250 per cent 0.8 No. 2,524 No. 4,232 No. 7,991 \$ 37,500 per cent 15.1 No. 568 No. 104 Index no. n.a. No. 14,990 \$'000 14,990 \$'000 45,806 No 1 No 9 No 50 No 159 No 68 No 257 No 100 No 13 No 35 No 161 No 35 No 43 No 76 No 1,246 No 1,246 No 13,806 No 13,806	Unit Springs (T) Petermann sq km 424 167.896 No. 24.852 2,107 No. 24.250 2,010 per cent 0.8 1.6 No. 2,524 220 No. 4,232 396 No. 7,991 1,064 \$ 37,500 27,500 per cent 15.1 26.0 No. 568 49 No. 104 10 Index no. 10. 10 Index no. 1.3 19 \$000 14,990 862 \$000 14,990 862 \$000 45,806 23,771 No 13 19 No 9 1 No 50 - No 159 2 No 68 - No 159 2 No 68 - No<	Unit Springs (T) Petermann Sandover sq km 424 167.896 136,464 No. 24,852 2,107 2,188 No. 24,250 2,010 2,090 per cent 0.8 1.6 1.6 No. 2,524 220 291 No. 4,232 396 433 No. 7,991 1,084 436 \$ 37,500 27,500 27,500 per cent 15.1 26.0 73.5 No. 568 49 85 No. 104 10 25 Index no. n.a. n.a. n.a. No. 189 9 14 \$*000 14,990 862 1,184 \$*000 14,990 862 1,184 \$*000 14,990 862 1,184 \$*000 159 2 1 No 50 - -	No. 24.85 24.00

TOWN OF PALMERSTON



Palmerston remains one of the fastest growing Local Government Areas in Australia; its population increasing at an average 10 per cent per annum since 1991. Only the Caboolture and Beaudesert Shires in Queensland and the City of Mandurah in Western Australia have maintained such consistently high growth over recent years.

The area on which Palmerston is sited was acquired by the Crown in 1973 and officially named as the Town of Palmerston in 1980. The Palmerston Town Plan was gazetted in 1982. The Palmerston Development Authority Act, assented to on 23 June 1981, formally established a four-person Authority, to develop and manage the new Town of Palmerston until 30 June 1986 when the P.D.A. Act expired. The Authority was responsible to the Government through the Minister for Lands and Housing. The Palmerston Town Council is celebrating it's 10th Anniversary, having been gazetted in April 1985 with a seven member Council formed in June of the same year.

The suburbs of Palmerston were developed in stages starting with Gray and Driver, then Moulden and the first of the Palmerston rural blocks, followed by Woodroofe. Recently the suburbs of Bakewell and Roseberry have been developed in response to the shortage of vacant residential blocks in the Darwin Area and the housing needs of Defence personnel based at Robertson Barracks.

The Development Deed for the Fairway Waters project was signed in November 1995. This project, a joint venture between Defence Housing Authority and the Delfin Property Group, is expected to house 3,500 - 4,000 people in the proposed suburb of Durack by the turn of the century. Further developments in the suburb of Bakewell are expected to commence in 1996.

9 PALMERSTON (T)

POPULATION												
Estimated Re	sident F	opulation ,	30 June 1	1994								
Age Group		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-64	65+	Tota
Persons	No	1,372	1,211	1,019	679	797	996	2,249	1,392	829	302	10,846
Males	No	704	617	522	333	348	423	1095	708	460	151	5361
Females	Nο	668	594	497	346	449	573	1154	684	369	151	5 48 5
Estimated Re	sident F	opulation,	30 June									
		1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Total Persons	No	533	1,852	3,800	6,000	6,900	7,600	7,900	7,900	8,200	8,911	9,823
NUMBER OF I)WĒLLIN	igs										
Census Count	5		Оссирі	ed dwellinį	gs	Unoccu	ipied dwell	lings		Tota	i dwelling	5
1986	Nο			1747			247				1994	
1991	No			2440			125				25 6 5	
DWELLINGS C	OMPLE	ΠED										
			Houses			Qthe	r Residenti	iał			Total	
Financial Year		Private	Public	Total		Private	Public	Total		Private	Public	Total
1991-92	No	177	34	211		32	_	32		209	34	243
1992-93	No	211	10	221		69	_	69		280	10	290
1993-94	No	277	15	292		127	_	127		404	15	419
1994-95	No	230	46	276		89	_	89		319	46	365

NUMBER OF RECORDED SALES AS REPORTED BY OFFICE OF THE VALUER-GENERAL

	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95
Houses	40	29	52	75	89	150	196	247	231
Home units	14	7	11	13	24	33	79	148	123
Vacant Residential Land-									
Houses & Duplex - D1	7 5	15	41	31	77	328	473	424	234
Units & Flats Sites	_	_	_		10	23	22	22	31
Total Value of All Registered Sales - \$'000	10,544.7	4,958.6	7.397.8	8,643.6	14,044.0	31,959.2	49.722.0	66,289.9	60,209.1

Palmerston (T) refers to the Legal Local Government Authority area and excludes the East Arm Area (population 363).

EXPLANATORY NOTES

DEFINITION OF TERMS USED

BIRTHS & DEATHS

Births and deaths relate to all registrations of such events which occurred within Australia, irrespective of State of registration, where the usual residence was within Northern Territory. Births are allocated to a statistical local area of the State according to the usual residence of the mother, and deaths are allocated according to the usual residence of the deceased (infant deaths are generally assigned to the usual residence of the mother).

BUILDING STATISTICS

Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:

- permits issued by private certifiers in areas subject to building control by the NT Department of Lands, Planning and Environment.
- contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, and semi-government and local government authorities;
- all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more;
- approved alterations and additions to residential building valued at \$10,000 or more; and
- all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS

This information has been extracted from a June 1995 snapshot of businesses on the ABS Business Register. The prime purpose of the Register is to provide a comprehensive source of business names and addresses from which selections can be made for inclusion in ABS economic censuses and surveys. The businesses on the Register are classified according to their industry and employment size. It is therefore possible to use the Register to derive statistical information.

The term business is used in a wide sense to include companies, sole proprietorships, professional services, community services, government agencies and departments, religious bodies, etc. However, the ABS Business Register only includes those businesses that employ wage and salary earners and so businesses operated entirely by sole proprietors, partners and unpaid family members are excluded from this data.

In the case of businesses involved in agriculture, however, the ABS Business Register includes all those that have agricultural operations with an estimated value in excess of \$5,000 regardless of whether they employ wage and salary earners.

The information most readily available from the ABS Business Register is counts of business units (either management units or locations) classified by industry, geographic area and employment size, although counts can be classified by other data items as well.

CATTLE PRODUCING ESTABLISHMENTS

These figures come from the annual Agricultural Census, year ending 31 March 1994. Cattle producing establishments are those whose predominant activity is cattle production.

CATTLE NUMBERS

Cattle numbers are the counts of cattle, both for breeding and meat production held by agricultural establishments on 31 March 1994.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT EMPLOYMENT PROJECTS

The CDEP program, administered by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, provides much of the Indigenous employment in the Northern Territory. Under the program, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people voluntarily forego their individual entitlement to unemployment benefits and partake in community development initiatives in return for wages equivalent to their foregone benefit entitlement. The figures used in this publication were provided by ATSIC.

DWELLING UNIT

A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long-term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals, or temporary accommodation such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units.

DWELLINGS COMPLETED

These figures for the Town of Palmerston were compiled on the basis of returns collected from builders and other individuals and organisations engaged in building activity and reported in the quarterly Building Activity Survey as completed.

HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident present in the household.

INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES

These numbers were obtained from the 1992 ATSIC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. The survey was a major initiative of ATSIC and collected information across Australia on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, outstations/homelands and town camps. Information was also collected about the housing needs and some of the services available to people who live in country towns. Final results have been compiled separately for ATSIC Regions; State and Territories; and total Australia. A detailed survey report is also available for each of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander discrete communities that were surveyed.

For further information about this survey contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics in the Darwin Office of ABS. Phone (089) 342 192; Fax (089) 410 715

LABOUR MARKET -DEET ESTIMATES

The information on unemployment rates contained in this publication was produced by the Department of Employment, Education and Training (DEET) and published in *Small Area Labour Markets - Australia*.

The ABS does not publish unemployment data from the monthly labour force surveys for small areas because of high sampling errors at this level of disaggregation.

DEET has implemented a procedure for deriving small area unemployment estimates, based on the Structure Preserving Estimation (SPREE) methodology.

This procedure involves the following steps:

- (a) The DSS data at postcode level are used to derive the number of beneficiaries in each LGA/SLA using postcode conversion weights.
- (b) As the number of beneficiaries is generally lower than the number of unemployed persons, the SPREE procedure adjusts the unemployment beneficiaries numbers in each LGA/SŁA to ensure that the total Labour Force (Dissemination Region) level (by sex, marital status and age) is the same as from the monthly labour force surveys.

Care should be exercised in the interpretation of these figures, especially those SLAs which have less than 2,000 persons in the labour force.

MEDIAN INCOME

Median income is the dollar amount which divides the income distribution of a population into two equal groups; one half of the households has income above the median and the other half has income below it.

OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS

Private dwellings include all houses, flats, units, apartments, caravans and other improvised types of dwellings. Occupied caravans in parks are counted as occupied private dwellings. Non-private dwellings include motels, prisons, welfare institutions, hospitals, retirement villages, boarding schools etc.

POPULATION

The estimates for 30 June 1993 and 30 June 1994 are based on the counts of the Census of Population and Housing held on 6 August 1991, adjusted for underenumeration, as measured by a post-enumeration survey, plus the estimated number of residents temporarily overseas and subsequently the numbers of births, deaths and estimates of interstate and overseas migration.

RETAILING

This data was derived from the 1991-92 Retail and Services Census. The scope of the Census included all shopfront locations operating at 30 June 1992 and classified to Division G (Retail Trade) of the 1993 edition of the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC Catalogue 1292.0). Also, a range of services classified to other Divisions of ANZSIC, which predominantly operate from shopfront locations, were included because of their association with retailing activity. These outlets have been grouped under the headings 'Selected Personal Services' and include: ANZSIC Class 5730 - Cafes and Restaurants; 8632 - Optometry and Optical Dispensing; 9511 - Video Hire Outlets; 9521 - Laundries and Dry-Cleaners; 9522 - Photographic Film Processing; 9526 - Hairdressing and Beauty Salons.

Within certain types of retail and services activity, non-shopfront locations (classified to in-scope ANZSIC Classes) were excluded from the scope of the census. Examples of these types of locations include industrial canteens, central photo processors and commercial laundries. (For more detailed explanation see the explanatory notes in the publication *Retailing in the Northern Territory* 1991-92 - Catalogue No 8623.7).

ROOM OCCUPANCY RATE

Refers to the proportion of room nights occupied to the number of guest rooms available during the year ended 30 June 1995, expressed as a percentage.

STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO

The Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR) is calculated as the quotient of observed to expected deaths for a region multiplied by 100. The expected deaths for a region are obtained by summing, for each cause of death, the products of the sex-age-cause-specific death rates in a standard population and the age-sex population of the region in question.

- approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more; and
- all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION

Refers to revenue received from the provision of both short-term and long-term accommodation at the accommodation establishment. Takings from meals are excluded.

TOURIST ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS

Hotels, motels, & guest houses with facilities are defined as establishments which provide predominantly short-term accommodation (i.e. for periods of less than two months) available to the general public. The tourist accommodation establishments for which statistics are included in this publication are licensed hotels, motels, and guest houses which provide bath or shower and toilet in most guest rooms and have breakfast available for guests.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT EMPLOYMENT PROJECTS

The CDEP program, administered by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, provides much of the Indigenous employment in the Northern Territory. Under the program, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people voluntarily forego their individual entitlement to unemployment benefits and partake in community development initiatives in return for wages equivalent to their foregone benefit entitlement. The figures used in this publication were provided by ATSIC.

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ROOM OCCUPANCY RATE

Refers to the proportion of room nights occupied to the number of guest rooms available during the year ended 30 June 1995, expressed as a percentage.

STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO

The Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR) is calculated as the quotient of observed to expected deaths for a region multiplied by 100. The expected deaths for a region are obtained by summing, for each cause of death, the products of the sex-age-cause-specific death rates in a standard population and the age-sex population of the region in question.

- approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more; and
- all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION

Refers to revenue received from the provision of both short-term and long-term accommodation at the accommodation establishment. Takings from meals are excluded.

TOURIST ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS

Hotels, motels, & guest houses with facilities are defined as establishments which provide predominantly short-term accommodation (i.e. for periods of less than two months) available to the general public. The tourist accommodation establishments for which statistics are included in this publication are licensed hotels, motels, and guest houses which provide bath or shower and toilet in most guest rooms and have breakfast available for guests.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS RELEASED BY THE DARWIN OFFICE

Estimated Resident Population By Age, Sex and Statistical Local Area, Northern Territory (annual). Contains the estimated resident population by age (in age groupings) for each statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division at 30 June. Demography, Northern Territory, (annual) Contains tables on births, deaths, infant deaths, marriages and divorces. Detailed population statistics including overseas arrivals and departures and other components of population change and some data for statistical local areas are also included. Northern Territory Indigenous People A description of contemporary Aboriginal society in the Northern Territory. Based principally on the results of the 1991 Census. It covers the social, demographic and economic aspects of the Aboriginal population in 5 major regions and a number of sub-regions supplemented with maps and graphics. Agriculture and Fishing, Northern Territory, (annual)
Contains tables on births, deaths, infant deaths, marriages and divorces. Detailed population statistics including overseas arrivals and departures and other components of population change and some data for statistical local areas are also included. Northern Territory Indigenous People A description of contemporary Aboriginal society in the Northern Territory. Based principally on the results of the 1991 Census. It covers the social, demographic and economic aspects of the Aboriginal population in 5 major regions and a number of sub-regions supplemented with maps and graphics.
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Agriculture and Fishing, Northern Territory, (annual)
Contains various agricultural and fishing statistics such as; Value of agricultural and fishing production; area of holding, number of cattle on holding, and disposals by statistical local area; livestock and meat exports; and selected fishing industry landings.
Tourist Accommodation, Northern Territory (quarterly) Establishments with facilities providing short-term accommodation (ie less than two months); hotels motels and guest houses, caravans parks, holiday flats and units and visitor hostels showing number of establishments, capacity, occupancy rates, employment and takings from accommodation for each month, by type of establishment. Includes data by statistical division and selected statistical local areas. For hotels, motels and guest houses, includes data by star grading.
Building Approvals, Northern Territory (monthly) Number of dwelling units and value of residential buildings approved for private sector and public sector; value of alterations and additions to residential buildings and value of non-residential building by class of building approved. Data for the larger population centres are also included.
Building Activity, Northern Territory (quarterly) Number of dwelling units and value of residential buildings (houses and other residential), value of alterations and additions to residential buildings and value of non-residential building by class of building (eg hotels, offices etc.), for private sector and public sector; stage of construction (commenced, under construction, completed), value of work done during the period and value of work yet to be done. Number of new houses by class of builder. Value of work commenced and work done at average 1989-90 prices. Unpublished data for small areas is available on request from information Services, Darwin Office (089 432 111), in the form of quarterly and annual tables. ABS publications are available for reference at most university and TAFE libraries, the State

INFORMATION AND CONSULTANCY SERVICES

The Client Services Branch in the Darwin office provides information and advice on a wide range of statistical needs. The consultancy service operates on a fee for service basis. Information tailored to the special needs of clients can be obtained in a number of forms such as on floppy disk or specially produced reports. Inquiries may be made by telephoning Information Services on (089) 432 111, by facsimile on (089) 811 218 or writing to Information Services, ABS, GPO Box 3796, Darwin 0801, or by a personal visit to 5th floor, 81 Smith St, Darwin.

The National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics is located in the Darwin Office and is responsible for production and release of statistics about the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population. Data on a range of subjects relating to Australia's Indigenous people is available from a variety of sources and staff in the unit are pleased to advise on availability and application. Phone 089 432194 or fax 089 410 715.

REGIONS

STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS

Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) consist of one or more whole collection districts (CDs) and cover in aggregate, the whole area of Australia without gaps or overlaps. The Northern Territory has 59 Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) consisting of 311 collection districts (CDs).

STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) consist of one or more Statistical Local Areas (SLAs). There are 11 Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) in the Northern Territory.

STATISTICAL DIVISION

Statistical Divisions (SDs) consist of one or more Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs). In the Northern Territory SDs are based on Territory Government Administration Regions. The Northern Territory has 3 such SDs:-Darwin SD; Northern Territory-Balance SD; Off-Shore Areas & Migratory SD

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA

Legal Local Government Areas (LGAs) are spatial units which represent the whole undivided geographical area of responsibility of either

- an incorporated local government council, or
- an incorporated Community Government Council (CGC) where the CGC is of sufficient size and statistical significance. Coomalie CGC area meets this criteria.

The major part of the Northern Territory is unincorporated. At the time of the 1991 Census the incorporated part included the areas covered by the legal LGAs of Darwin, Alice Springs, Jabiru, Tennant Creek, Katherine, Palmerston, Litchfield and the CGC of Coomalie.

DARWIN STATISTICAL DIVISION AND ENVIRONS Darwin Statistical Division and Environs is comprised of Darwin City, Palmerston and Darwin Rural Statistical Subdivisions.

DARWIN RURAL

Darwin Rural refers to the Darwin Rural Statistical Subdivision which comprises the SLAs of:

Litchfield (S) -Part A, Litchfield (S) -Part B, Cox - Finnis and Coomalie.

DARWIN REGION BALANCE

Darwin Region Balance is comprised of the SLAs:

Bathurst-Melville, Jabiru (T), South Alligator, West Arnhem and Daly.

PALMERSTON (T)

Palmerston (T) is a Local Government Area comprised of the Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) of Driver, Gray, Moulden, Woodroffe, Palmerston (T) - Balance.

PALMERSTON SSD

Palmerston Statistical Subdividion (SSD) is comprised of the Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) of East Arm, Driver, Gray, Moulden, Woodroffe, Palmerston (T) - Balance.

LITCHFIELD SHIRE

Litchfield Shire is comprised of the Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) of: Litchfield (S) - Part A and Litchfield (S) - Part B

The ABS publishes a wide range of statistics and other information on Australia's economic and social conditions. Details of what is available in various publications and other products can be found in the ABS Catalogue of Publications and Products available at all ABS Offices (see below).

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Information tailored to special needs of clients can be obtained from the Information Consultancy Service available at ABS Offices (see below).

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A large range of data is available via on-line services, diskette, magnetic tape, tape cartridge and CD ROM. For more details about our electronic data services, contact any ABS Office (see below), or e-mail us at:

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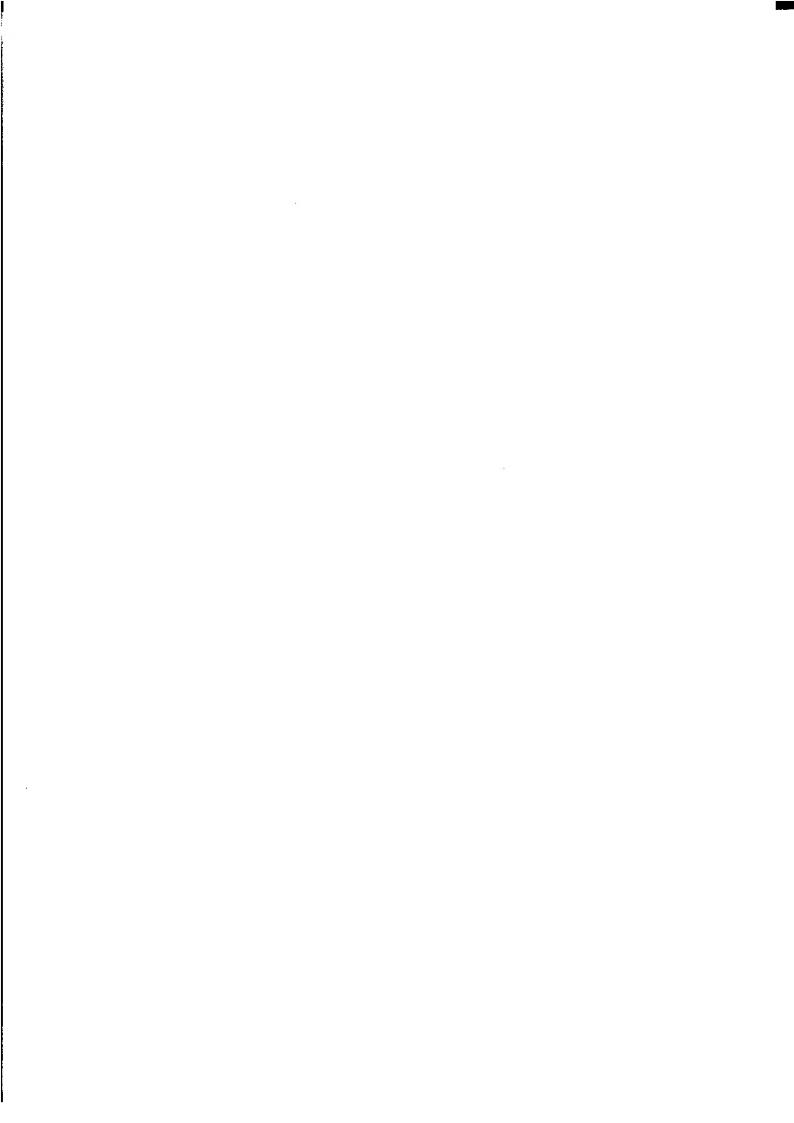
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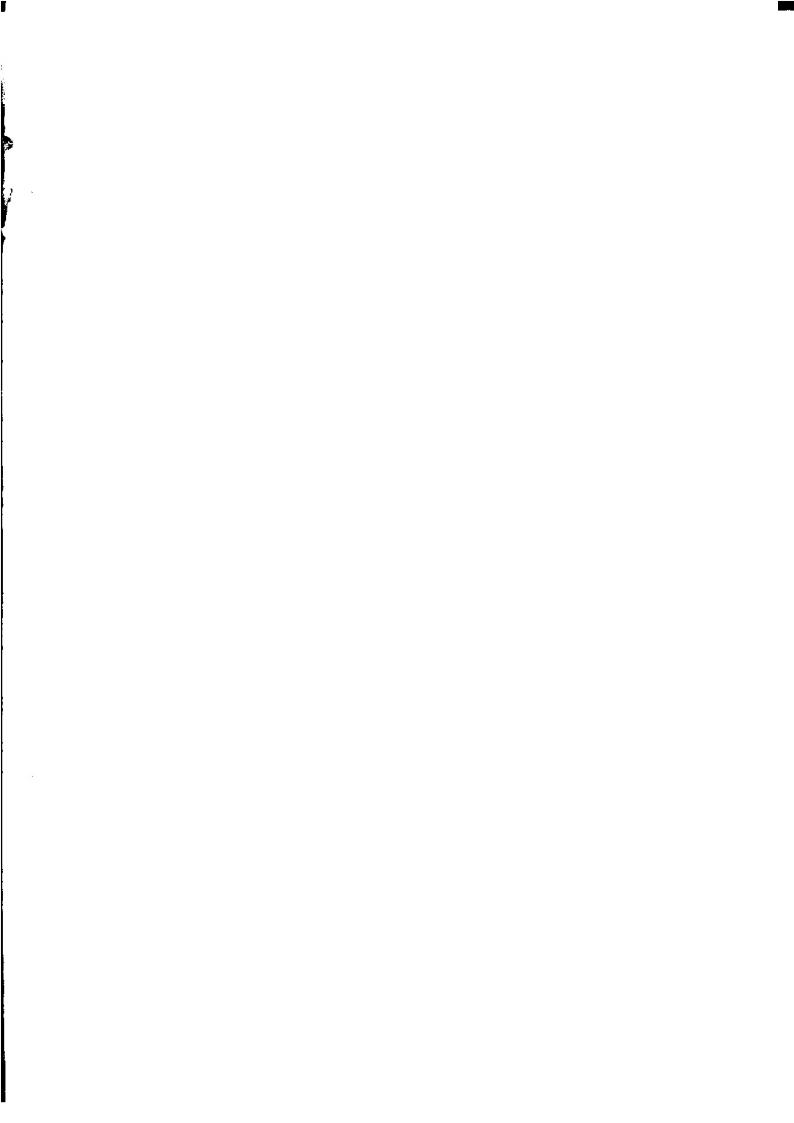
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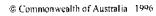
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